

HELPING COMMUNITIES DEVELOP HOUSING SOLUTIONS.

WHITEPAPER SERIES Briefing Paper 1

MARCH 2024

Municipal Housing Solutions













More Housing Wisconsin

Wisconsin is experiencing a significant housing shortage. A recent study estimates Wisconsin will **need to build over 200,000 housing units by 2030** to accommodate all the people who want to live and work here.^[1] More Housing Wisconsin, a collaboration between the Wisconsin Realtors Association, the Wisconsin Builders Association, and the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, seeks to educate and inform Wisconsin city and village leaders and staff about zoning changes and other strategies communities can use to help **address this state's housing shortage**. Our goal is to bring tools, resources, and best practices to municipalities to **help** communities initiate housing solutions that meet their unique needs and **strengthen our economy**.

THIS MONTH'S TOPIC MARCH 2024

Housing Ready Checklist for Municipalities

This briefing paper is the first in a series designed to educate and inform municipal officials and interested citizens about actions local governments can take to help increase the number and types of housing available in their communities. This project is sponsored by the **Wisconsin REALTORS® Association**, the **Wisconsin Builders Association**, and the **League of Wisconsin Municipalities**.

This housing ready checklist is a tool to help municipal officials and staff review and evaluate their zoning and subdivision regulations, land use plans, permitting process and fees, communications with developers, use of tax incremental financing, and other policies and procedures related to housing to ensure they are aligned with the goal of creating more workforce housing for the community.









-HOUSING READY Checklist for Municipalities^[ii]

HOW TO USE THIS CHECKLIST

Few communities will be able to answer "yes" to every question on this checklistand not every community will want to. Each community's plans, policies, zoning codes, and procedures are unique to local circumstances. The checklist can serve as a conversation starter among policymakers, staff, and interested citizens about what code changes, tools, and strategies your community may want to consider implementing to help create more housing options.^{iii.}

ASSESSING AND ANALYZING COMMUNITY HOUSING NEEDS

Has your community taken steps to understand local housing needs and affordability?



Has your community updated the housing element of its comprehensive plan under Wis. Stat. § 66.1001(2) (b) within the last 5 years?

Has your community conducted a housing needs assessment?

Has your community conducted a survey of the community's existing housing stock?

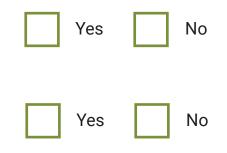
Has your community prepared a "Housing Affordability Analysis" as described in Wis. Stat. § 66.10013.? (Municipalities over 10,000 in population are required to prepare such a report annually and post it on the community's website. Smaller communities may also benefit from such an exercise.)

Yes Yes	No Has yo stakeh more v	ur community adopted a local housing strategy? ur community reached out to the following olders and sought their opinion about the need for vorkforce housing through surveys, public meetings, groups, or other methods?
 Business Leaders & Major Employers School Districts Local Residents Public Housing Authorities Nonprofit Housing Developers & Housing Advocates Groups Representing REALTORS® 		Mortgage Lenders Economic Development Associations Senior Citizen Groups

ZONING STRATEGIES

While most zoning regulations are implemented to serve specific health, safety, and welfare needs, they may unintentionally adversely impact housing availability and affordability. Zoning can be a barrier, preventing the construction of many types of in-demand housing, increasing development costs, or requiring complex and lengthy approval processes. An updated zoning code can create a clear, predictable path for developers to follow, resulting in more of the type of housing that a community wants and needs.^{iv.}

Does your community's zoning and subdivision ordinance include/allow the following:



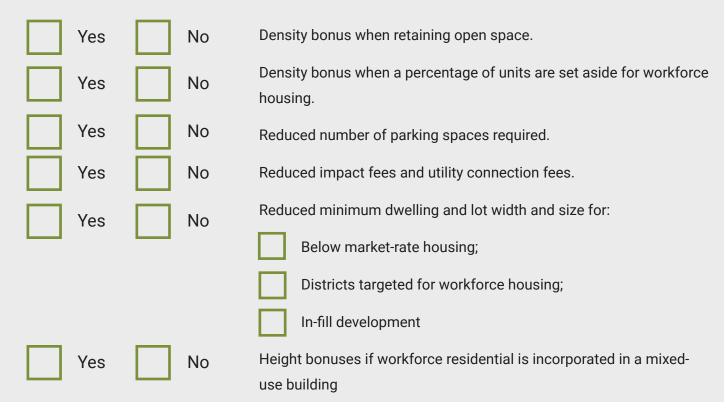
Allow multi-unit housing as permitted uses in single-family zoning districts where two-family and multi-family already exist as non-conforming uses.

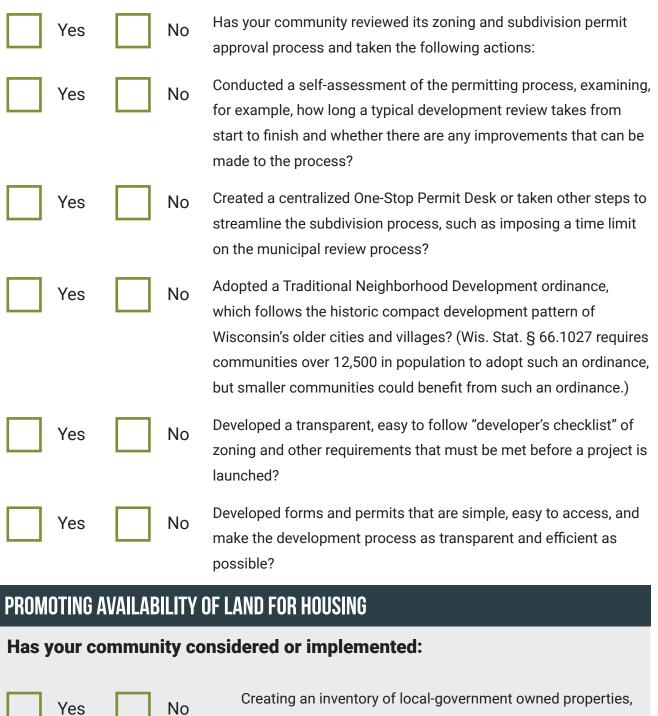
Permit residential uses, including multi-family, within downtown and Main Street zoning districts.



Yes Yes	No No	Permit residential uses, including muti-family, in commercial districts. Allow accessory dwellings (granny flats) by right for all single-family housing zoning districts.
Yes	No	Minimal or no parking requirements.
Yes	No	Single family homes may be converted to multi-family units.
Yes	No	Multi-family housing (townhomes, condos, apartments, duplexes, multiplexes, etc.) with the same/similar lot dimension requirements as single-family homes when practical.
Yes	No	Small or no minimum dwelling or floor area size for all housing types.
Yes	No	Zero lot line homes.
Yes	No	Increase density by allowing smaller lot sizes.

Do your community's zoning and subdivision ordinances offer incentives for workforce housing including:





redevelopment-ready properties, or other sites available and appropriate for housing development?

Taking actions to encourage infill development, including:



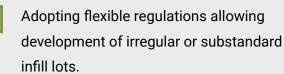
Yes

Preparing an inventory of potential infill sites and distributing it to developers.

No

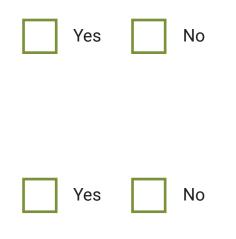


Allowing mixed uses for infill developments.



Assisting in the consolidation of infill lots into larger, more easily developed sites.





HELPING COMMUNITIES DEVELOP HOUSING SOLUTIONS..

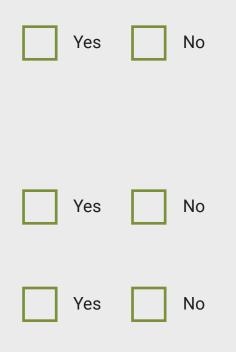
Facilitating adaptive reuse of surplus and/or outmoded buildings, such as strip malls, factories, warehouses, or schools, to housing by developing more flexible ordinances, arranging for possible property transfers of publicly owned buildings, and providing assistance in obtaining sources of funding to help cover cost of conversion?

Entering into partnerships with major employers, nonprofits, or private developers to acquire land and advance workforce housing development?

FUNDING & FINANCING

When building workforce housing, there is almost always a "gap" between the costs of construction and a price that's affordable to the end buyer or renter. Builders and partners must find a way to fill that gap, often with grants, low-interest loans, donations of land, tax credits, reduced impact fees or infrastructure costs. Local governments can help through the use of tax incremental financing and other tools.^v

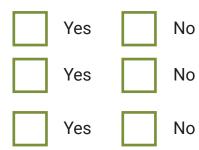
Has your community considered or implemented:



Taking advantage of the affordable housing extension provided in the tax incremental financing law (Wis. Stat. § 66.1105(6)(g)), which allows a community to extend a TIF district for an additional year before it terminates and use the extra tax increments to "benefit affordable housing" within the community.

Using tax increment financing to assist in the building or rehabilitating of affordable housing for middle- and lower-income households.

Entering into a public- private partnership to develop workforce housing for the community.



Establishing a housing trust fund.

Approaching major employers or community benefactors to solicit private support for workforce housing.

Meeting the pre-conditions necessary to enable workforce and senior housing developers to qualify for infrastructure and other loans from WHEDA under programs created by 2023 Wisconsin Act 14. These include: making changes to zoning ordinances and subdivision regulations to increase development density, expedite approvals, reduce impact fees, or reduce parking, building, or other development costs with respect to an eligible project on or after January 1, 2023.

- ^{i.} Forward Analytics, A Housing Hurdle: Demographics Drive Need for More Homes; January 2023.
- ^{ii.} This checklist is adapted from two sources: 1) "Northwest Michigan Housing Ready Checklist" developed by Housing North, a Michigan nonprofit focused on housing solutions in northwest Michigan, www.housingnorth.org; and 2) Housing Wisconsin: A Guide to Preparing the Housing Element of a Local Comprehensive Plan, Brian Ohm, Third Edition, August 2020.
- ^{iii.} This wording is taken from "Northwest Michigan Housing Ready Checklist" developed by Housing North.
- ^{iv.} Ibid.
- v. Ibid.





